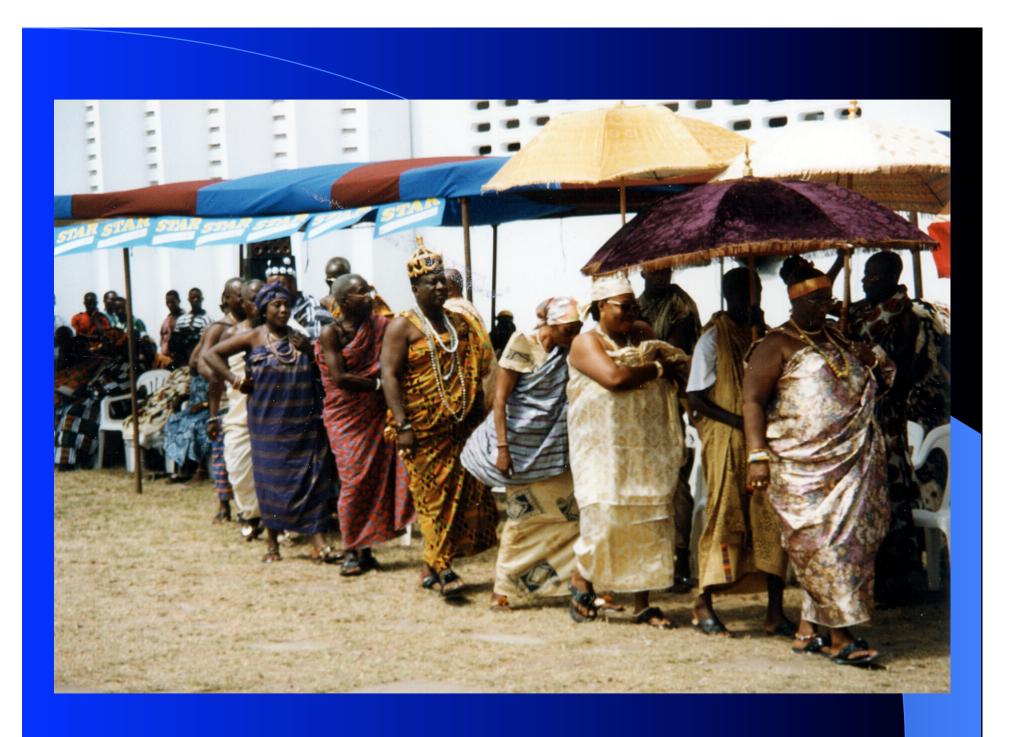
# Short Missions in low resource settings

Fun or frustration

H.A.H. Winters, plastic surgeon VUMC 16 November 2014



# Controversies in working in "third world" countries

- You feel you should be very very welcome
- You work for free....
- You take days off work to do this...
- But.....
- Nobody rolls out the red carpet
- For some reason it doesn't seem to work out like you expected

# The governement

#### • Wants money

- Charge for working permit
- Charge for registration in national medical register
- Wants to check your qualifications

#### Medical and Dental Council Ghana

**Certificate of Temporary Registration as a Medical / Dental Practitioner** 

ertificate No..... MDC/RN/04847

I hereby certify that the person named below is temporarily registered under Section 24 (I) and (2) of the Medical and Dental Decree 1972 (N.R.C

NAME	QUALIFICATIONS	DATE OF REGISTRAT
WINTERS, HENRI ADOLF HUBERT	M.D. [UNIVERSITY OF NJIMEGEN] 1985	3RD NOVEMBER, 2000

I certify that this is a true copy of the entry of the above specified NAME in the Medical and Dental Register and that the prescribed fee has been duly or such Registration.

his certificate is valid from 3/11/2000 to 31/12/2000

# The hospital

- Wants to charge you per patient
- Wants to charge the patients for your free service
- Withhold materials/resources from you
- Makes you pay for your stay/food etc.



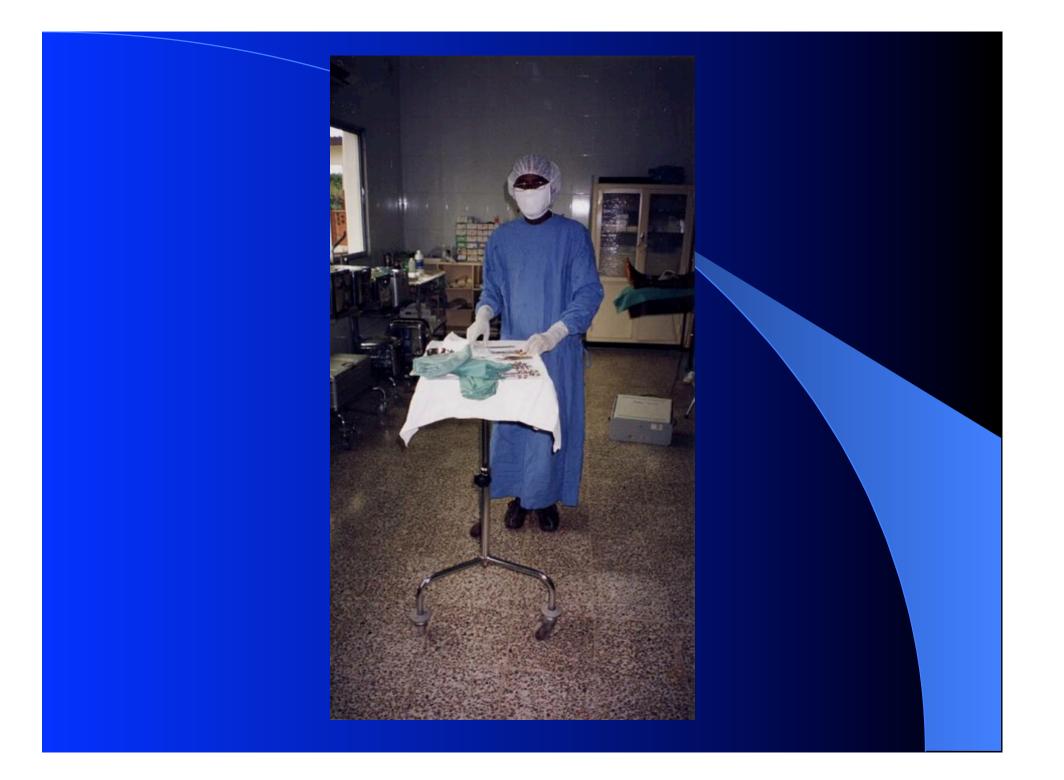
# The local doctors

- Do not seem very enthusiastic
- Will not stop or postpone their own operating program
- Want to charge the patient for what you do
- Will not let you use their instruments
- Don't listen to your good advice



# The local theatre staf, nurses etc.

Want to be paid to help you
Do not want to work overtime or weekends
Don't do what you tell them
Don't listen to your good advice



# The patients

- Don't understand you
- You don't understand them
- Don't seem to trust you
- Expect the impossible?
- Want you to treat conditions and diseases you don't know
- Expect you to work outside your field of expertise





- You go home, frustrated to the bone
- Effort, time and money are spent for little or no result
- You'll never do it again

# Obviously....

This is a worst case scenario
In reality it normally does work out to a certain extent

There is a certain amount of truth in all these points !

# But..... look at it from the other side

- Would your government allow anyone who calls himself a doctor to work in your country without checking?
- Would you skip your OP programme for a week if an African surgeon (that you don't know) came to 'teach' you something?
- Would your staff work for free on weekends ?

# Also But.....

- Governments (and others) see NPO's as a source of income. Not right, but fact
- Bribes, corruption etc. are outrageous to us, to them it is a fact of life and sometimes a way of life.
- Local medical personnel are just trying to make a living, like everybody else
- Hospitals have very limited resources, so obviously they don't want you to use it all



Controversies
Misunderstandings
Logic

• What to do?

# **Stop short medical missions?**

• Philosophical

• What is good aid?

# What is good aid?



# What is good aid?



# What's wrong with individual patient care?

Absolutely nothing Basis of healthcare

# How to do it right????

• There is no 'one fits all' solution

- Short medical missions can be a valuable way of helping people
  - Short missions can provide care for individual patients
  - But also provide teaching to local healthcare workers

• Tips, tricks, pitfalls for short medical missions

# ORGANISATION

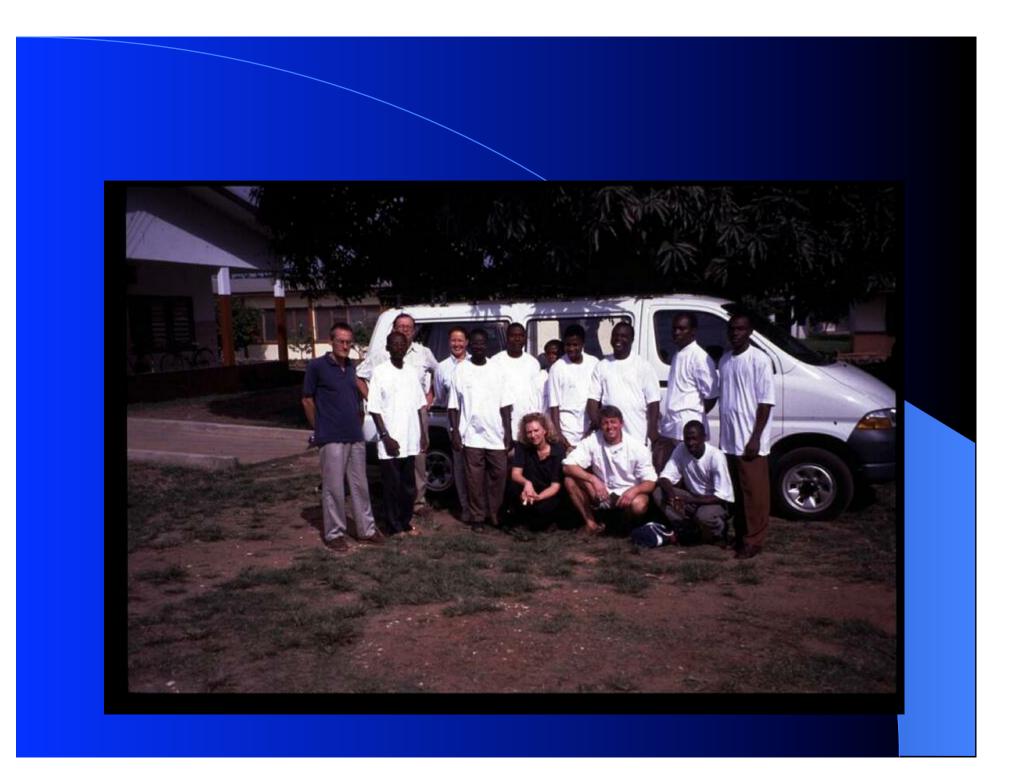
- Start early
- Necessary paperwork
  - Work permit, visa etc
- Financial affairs
  - Cost of the 'expedition'
    - Travel expenses, local boarding/food
    - Hospital charges for patients
    - Hospital charges for organization
    - Local staff. Payment?
    - Materials
      - Ship
      - Buy there

# ORGANISATION

### Logistics

- Send material in advance
- Carry most important items with you
  - Instruments
  - Anaesthetics
  - Check with airline (overweight)
- Avoid problems with customs
  - Try to arrange it in advance





# More to think about?

- What surgery are you going to do
  - What is needed?
  - Your expertise
  - Local situation
- Who is going to be in your team
  - Local staff, preferably
    - Skills?
    - communication
  - BYO if really needed

### **Hospital Management**

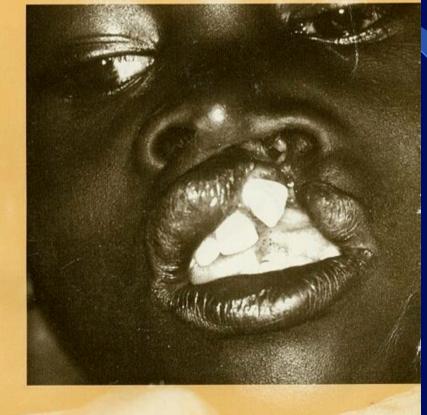
- Contact in early stage
- Do they need you/want you to come?
- Available beds
- Available OR
- Financials
- Offer teaching/lecturing
- Get them interested in what you can do

# Local Doctors

- Contact in early stage
- Do they need you/want you to come?
  - Can you do things they can't do themselves
  - Don't operate what they can do themselves
- How are they paid?
- Offer teaching/lecturing
- Offer e-mail consultancy
- Get them interested in what you can do
- Co-operate

#### AMREF

### Cleft lip and palate manual



W.E. Adams-Ray

Brita Granstrom





# So, we're all set...



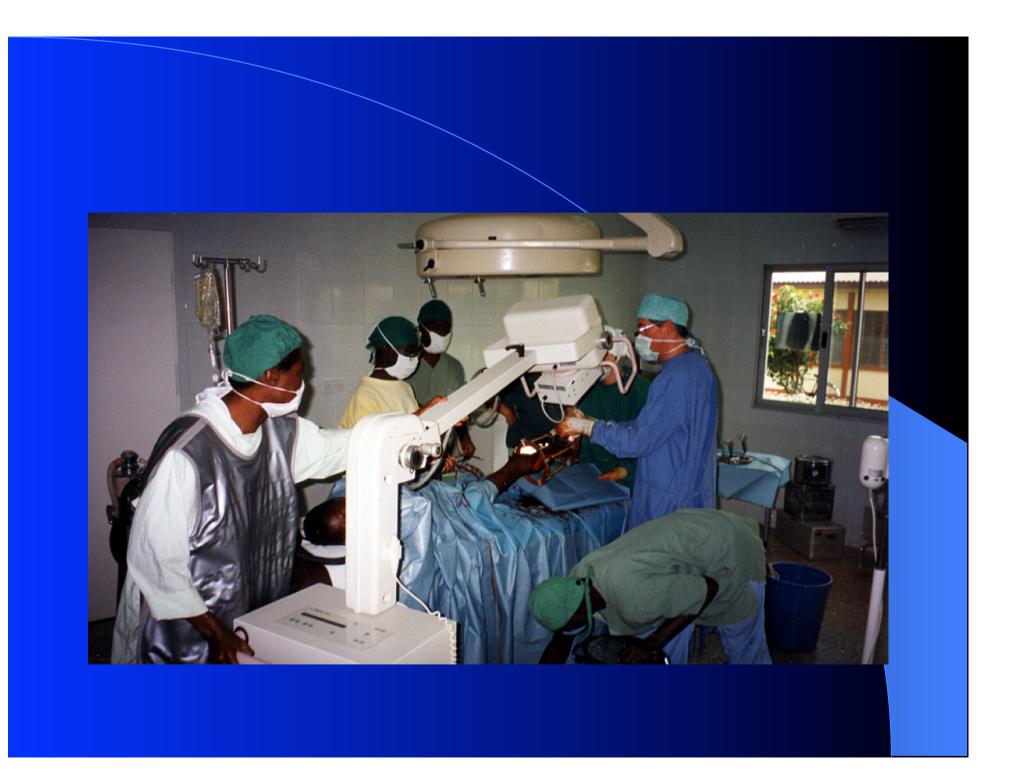
Let's go...

# Intra operative care

- Anaesthesia
- Haemostasis
- Instruments
- Materials
- Microscope
- Sterility (implants)

# Local facilities

Instruments and materials often of lesser quality than you are used to
Coagulation often not present
Same goes for power tools and X-ray
Sometimes even the light does not function



## Post operative care....

- No ICU
- Recovery?
- No radiotherapy
- Physiotherapy and rehabilitation are minimal
- Follow up is difficult
- Who will do it for you?
  - Get local doctors involved/interested

## Think about choices

- Complex time consuming procedures
  - Help few patients
  - High risk of complications
- Simple procedures
  - Help many patients
  - High satisfaction rate
- Many factors
  - Amount of patients vs. available time
  - What can be done by local doctors
  - Aftercare, complications, local facilities

## Think about your limits!

- Oncology
  - No work-up
  - No adjuvant treatment
  - Presentation in advanced stage
  - Surgery takes a lot of time
- Microsurgery
  - no microscope
  - Time consuming
  - Who takes care of failures?



Know your limitations.....
And those of the rest of your team
And those of your anesthesiologist
And those of the hospital
Etc.....

# On the other hand....

- If you don't do it, the patient will not be treated at all
- Nature is forgiving
- The African is tough



- If the treatment succeeds, who is going to provide the aftercare...
- If the treatment fails, do you have a plan 'b'
- And who is going to to do it?

# It helps....

- To have knowledge of tropical medicine
  - Or to be with someone who does
- To know some basic
  - general surgery
  - Urology
  - Orthopedics
  - Gynecology
  - Plastic surgery

# What's more ....

- Not only individual help, but education
  - Carefully select what you are going to teach to whom
  - Return to same spot for several years
  - Leave books / instruments
    - Humby knife + blades



## For your own health...

Take your vaccinations
Use malaria prophylaxis
Beware of what you eat and drink





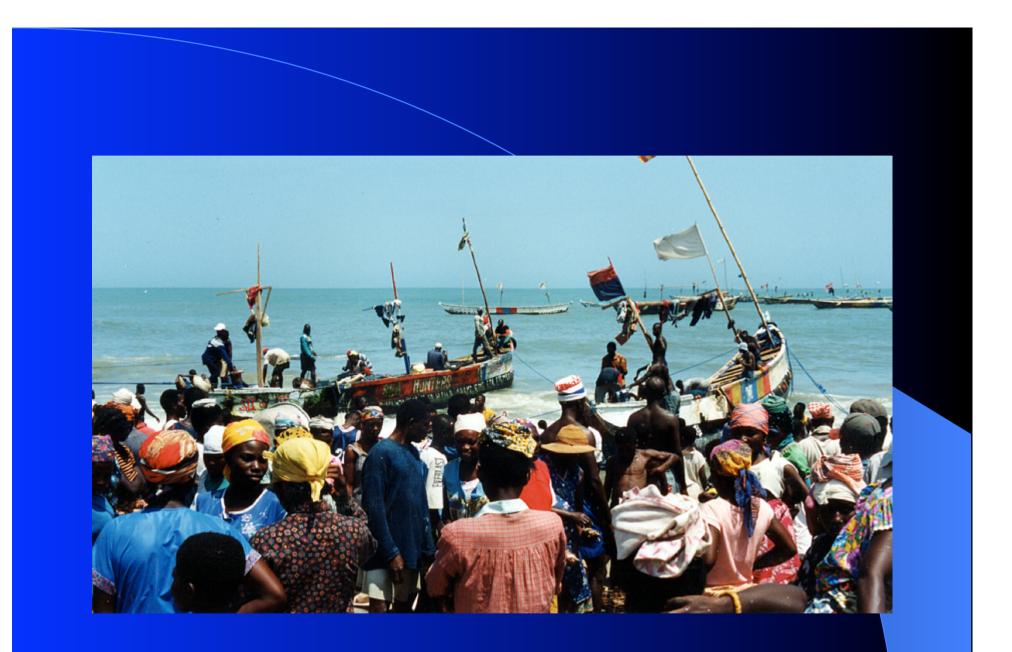
Dining out with the local staff



Trip to the coast



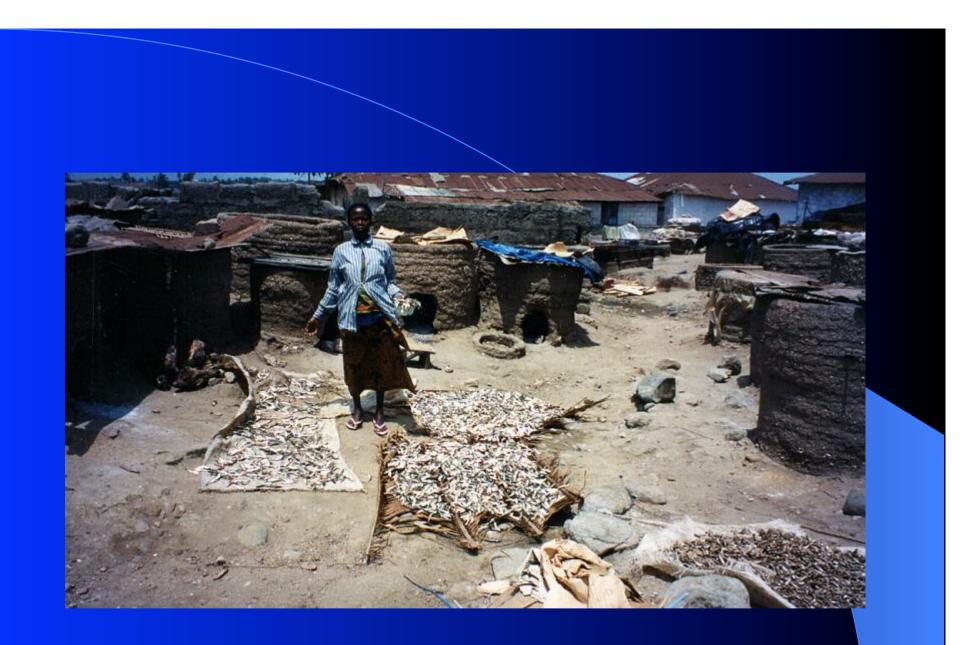
Fishing village



Women waiting for the catch



Carrying the fish up to the village



To be dried and smoked



Yours truly enjoying it all







#### SYMPOSIUM SURGERY IN LOW RESOURCE SETTINGS NOVEMBER 14TH-16TH 2014



LAB111 Amsterdam - www.surgicalneed.nl

